



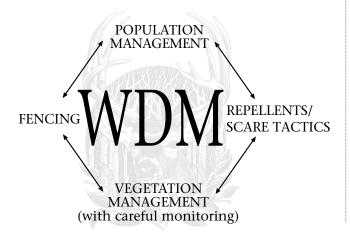
Fact Sheet 655

# Wildlife Damage Management Resistance of Ornamentals to Deer Damage

Damage to ornamental plants by white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) has increased during the past decade. This increase is attributed to: 1) rising deer populations; 2) human populations shifting to rural and suburban homesites; 3) loss of deer habitat to development; and 4) landowner decisions to prevent deer hunting.

The best approach to managing deer damage is a wildlife damage management plan, which includes careful monitoring of any one of, or a combination of, the following strategies: population management, fencing, repellents/scare tactics, or vegetation management. An in-depth description of all options is found in Extension bulletin 354, "Managing Deer Damage in Maryland," available at your local Maryland Cooperative Extension office. This fact sheet deals with aspects of vegetation management in residential applications.

In the short run, damage to ornamental plants is largely irreversible. Damage, particularly in suburban areas with goodquality deer habitat, probably will increase.



However, by planting ornamentals not favored by deer, landscapers and homeowners can attempt to preserve vulnerable landscapes.

# **Deer Feeding Habits**

Deer feed selectively on fertilized and unfertilized landscape plantings and managed croplands. Costly browsing damage may be reduced or eliminated by planting less-preferred species or by establishing susceptible plants only in protected areas. A few strategies to consider include planting susceptible plants close to the house or in a fenced yard, or planting preferred species inside a protective ring of less-preferred species. Under most circumstances, landscaping based on a knowledge of deer feeding preferences provides an alternative to expensive chemical repellents and unsightly physical barriers.

Whether deer will target a particular plant species or variety depends on their previous habits and nutritional needs, plant palatability, seasonal factors, weather conditions, geographic area, and availability of alternative foods. Deer are creatures of habit, and previous movement patterns or foraging experiences can determine where damage will occur. Also, one plant species may be rarely damaged in one region of the country, but highly preferred in another due to differences in deer pressure and other factors. Examples of species with noted regional differences include holly, white pine, and deciduous magnolias. Therefore, caution must be taken when using plant preference lists from areas outside your own.

In general, damage from browsing is most severe when snow cover or extreme cold has reduced food availability. Another problem time is early spring when young succulent growth of ornamentals provides attractive browse before other spring growth is available. When food is in short supply, deer will browse even the most undesirable plants. Under such conditions, landscapers should combine other damage control measures with careful plant selection. Information on repellents, physical barriers (fencing), and deer population control are available from Maryland Cooperative Extension and the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Wildlife Division. Ultimately, reducing the deer herd size is the most effective solution.

# Plant Damage List

The following list contains many ornamental plants adaptable to Maryland landscapes and notes their susceptibility to deer damage. This information is useful both to select plants that are unlikely to be damaged by deer and to identify those ornamentals that frequently require protection. Four categories were created: *Rarely Damaged, Seldom Damaged, Occasionally Damaged*, and *Frequently Damaged*. The placement of plants in these categories is based on the experiences of nursery operators, landscape contractors and designers, Maryland Cooperative Extension personnel, research

staff, and professional horticulturists. The information derives from personal communications, published articles, and unpublished reports. Please note that deerbrowsing resistance of a plant species changes according to fluctuations in deer populations, alternative food availability, and environmental factors. No plant is safe under all conditions.

This is an evolving list and any suggestion for additions and changes can be sent to the following address: Fact Sheet 655, Maryland Cooperative Extension, 18330 Keedysville Road, Keedysville, MD 21756-1104.

Plants listed in the Rarely Damaged category are eaten infrequently by deer and are the best candidates for damage-prone landscapes. Deer sometimes feed on ornamentals listed as Seldom Damaged, but the browsing is usually minor and generally does not detract from the shape or attractiveness of the plant. The category Occasionally Damaged includes plants that can be severely damaged by deer. Finally, deer prefer ornamentals in the category Frequently Damaged. These plants often require physical or chemical protection. Before planting any of the species listed, check to ensure that they suit local climatic and soil conditions.

## Rarely Damaged

## **Botanical Name**

#### **Common Name**

#### **Trees**

Aesculus parviflora
Amelanchier arborea
Amelanchier canadensis
Amelanchier laevis
Betula albo-sinensis
Betula nigra 'Heritage'
Betula papyrifera
Chamaecyparis pisifera
Cryptomeria japonica
Ilex x aquipernyi 'Dragon Lady'
Ilex x aquipernyi 'San Jose'
Picea pungens glauca
Pinus sylvestris
Pseudotsuga menziesii

Bottlebrush Buckeye Downy Serviceberry Shadbush Allegheny Serviceberry Chinese Paper Birch Heritage Birch Paper Birch Japanese Falsecypress Japanese Cedar Dragon Lady Holly San Jose Holly Colorado Blue Spruce Scotch Pine Douglas Fir

## **Shrubs and Climbers**

Arctostaphylos uva-ursiBearberryAsimina trilobaPawpawBerberis spp.BarberryBuxus spp.BoxwoodCaryopteris x clandonensisCaryopteris

Calastrus scandensAmerican BittersweetCornus sericeaRed Osier DogwoodCephalotaxus harringtonia var. koreanaJapanese Plum-YewElaeagnus angustifoliaRussian Olive

Gaultheria procumbens Creeping Wintergreen

Gaultheria shallon Shallon

Hibiscus syriacus Rose of Sharon Ilex x 'John T. Morris' John T. Morris Holly Ilex x 'Lydia Morris' Lydia Morris Hollies Leucothoe Leucothoe spp. Ligustrum vulgare European Privet Pieris japonica Japanese Andromeda Rhamnus cathartica Common Buckthorn Sambucus canadensis Blueberry Elder

Sarcoccoca bookeriana var. humilis Dwarf Sweet Christmas Box

## Annuals, Perennials, and Bulbs

Achillea spp.YarrowAconitum spp.MonkshoodAgeratum houstonianumAgeratumAllium christophiiStar of PersiaAllium neapolitanumDaffodil Garlio

Allium neapolitanumDaffodil GarlicAllium ostrowskianumLily LeekAnemone x hybridaJapanese AnemoneAnemonella thalictroidesRue AnemoneAnethum graveolensCommon Dill

Anethum graveolensCommon DillAquilegia spp.ColumbineAurinia saxatilisBasket-of-GoldAntirrhinum majusSnapdragonArabis spp.Rock-cress

Arabis spp.Rock-cressArisaema triphylumJack-in-the-PulpitAubrietia deltoideaRock Cress

Bergenia spp.
Ceratostigma plumbaginoides
Cimicifuga racemosa
Colchicum autumnale
Colchicum speciosum

Snakeroot
Colchicum
Colchicum speciosum

Colchicum

Consolida ambiguaLarkspurConvallaria majalisLily-of-the-valleyCoreopsis verticillata 'Moonbeam'Threadleaf CoreopsisCyclamen bederifoliumNeopolitan Cyclamen

Dicentra spectabilis

Digitalis spp.

Bleeding Heart
Foxglove

Dryopteris marginalis Wood Fern
Ecinacea purpurea Purple Coneflower

Epimedium spp.BarrenwortEuphorbia spp.EuphorbiaFritillaria spp.Fritillary

Galium odoratuim Sweet Woodruff Gloriosa superba Glory Lily Hemmerocallis 'Stella de Oro' Stella de Oro Daylily Hesperis matronalis Dame's Rocket

Hyacinthus orientalisHyacinthLamium maculatumDeadnettleLavandula spp.LavenderLinaria vulgarisToadflaxLobularia maritimaSweet AlyssumLychnis coronariaRose ChampionMattauscia struthioptorisOetrich Form

Lychnis coronariaRose ChampsMatteuccia struthiopterisOstrich FernNarcissus spp.Daffodil

Nicotiana spp.Flowering TobaccoOnoclea sensibilisSensitive FernOsmunda regalis var. spectabilisRoyal FernPachysandra procumbensAllegheny SpurgePachysandra terminalisJapanese SpurgePapaver orientaleOriental PoppyPelargonium spp.Scented GeraniumPervoskia atriblicifoliaRussian Sage

Pelargonium spp.Scented GeraniPervoskia atriplicifoliaRussian SageRanunculus spp.ButtercupRheum rhabarbarumRhubarbRudbeckia spp.ConeflowerSalvia spp.Sage

Santolina chamaecyparissus Lavender Cotton

Scilla spp. Squill
Stachys byzantina Lamb's Ears
Tagetes spp. Marigold

Tanacetum vulgare Common Tansy

Thymus spp.ThymeTiarella cordifoliaFoam FlowerTropaeolum majusNasturtiumYucca spp.Yucca

## Seldom Damaged

## **Botanical Name**

#### Common Name

## **Trees**

Ammelanchier canadensis Shadbush

Ammetancher canadensis

Betula pendula

Cornus florida

Cornus kousa

Crataegus laevigata

Fagus sylvatica

Gleditsia triacanthos

Sladdush

European White Birch

Flowering Dogwood

Korean Dogwood

English Hawthorn

European Birch

Honey Locust

Ilex opaca American Holly Lindera benzoin Spicebush Picea abies Norway Spruce White Spruce Picea glauca Austrian Pine Pinus nigra Pinus mugo Mugo Pine Pinus resinosa Red Pine Pinus rigida Pitch Pine

Prunus serrulata Japanese Flowering Cherry

Salix matsudana 'Tortuosa' Corkscrew Willow Sassafras albidum Common Sassafras

## Shrubs and Climbers

Buddleia spp. Butterfly Bush

Calycanthus occidentalis California Sweetshrub
Ceanothus spp. Cheonothus

Choisya ternata Mexican Orange Cistus spp. Rock Rose

Cornus sanguinea Bloodtwig Dogwood

Daphne spp. Daphne

Enkianthus campanulatus Redvein Enkianthus

Forsythia spp. Forsythia
Hippophae rhamnoides Sea Buckthorn

Ilex glabra Inkberry

Jasminum nudiflorumWinter JasmineJuniperus chinensisChinese JuniperKerria japonicaJapanese KerriaKolwitzia amabilisBeauty Bush

Kolwitzia amabilis
Laurus nobilis
Lonicera spp.

Beauty Bush
Laurel
Honeysuckle

Mahonia spp. Grape Holly
Myrica pensylvanica Bayberry

Nandina spp.Heavenly bambooOsmanthus heterophyllusHolly OsmanthusPhiladelphus spp.Mock Orange

Prunus laurocerasusCherry LaurelRibes spp.CurrantSpirea spp.SpireaSyringa villosaLate LilacSyringa vulgarisCommon LilacViburnum juddiiJudd Viburnum

Viburnum judan
Viburnum rhytidophyllum
Viburnum carlesii
Viburnum plicatum
Viburnum plicatum
Weigela florida

Judd Viburnum
Leatherleaf Viburnum
Koreanspice Viburnum
Doublefile Viburnum
Old Fashion Weigela

## Annuals, Perennials, and Bulbs

Agapanthus spp.Lily-of-the-NileAlcea spp.HollyhockArtemisia spp.WormwoodAruncus dioicusGoat's BeardAsarum spp.GingerAster spp.Aster

Astilbe spp.AstilbeBegonia spp.BegoniaChrysanthemum spp.ChrysanthemumCoreopsis spp.TickweedCrocosmia hybridsMontbretiaDelphinium spp.Delphinium

Helleborus niger Christmas Rose
Helleborus orientalis Lenten Rose

Vita signa and a second control of the seco

Hypericum spp. St. John's-wort

Iris spp.IrisKniphofia spp.Red Hot PokerLantana spp.LantanaLilium tigrinumTiger LilyLobelia spp.Lobelia

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Lupine

Lupinus spp.

Mentha spp.MintNepeta spp.Catmint

Ophiopogon japonicus Dwarf Mondo Grass

Oxalis spp. Sorrel
Potentilla spp. Potentilla

Romneya coulteri Californian Tree Poppy

Tiarella spp.FoamflowerUmbellularia californicaCalifornia LaurelVeronica spp.Veronica

Veronica spp. Veronie Zinnia spp. Zinnia

# Occasionally Damaged

## **Botanical Name**

## **Common Name**

#### **Trees**

Abies concolor White Fir Abies fraseri Fraser Fir

Acer griseumPaperbark MapleAcer palmatum/green-leaved onlyJapanese MapleAcer rubrumRed MapleAcer saccharinumSilver MapleAcer saccharumSugar Maple

Aesculus hippocastanumHorse ChestnutChamaecyparis thyoidesAtlantic White CedarJuniperus virginianaEastern Red Cedar

Larix decidua Larch
Liquidambar styraciflua Sweet Gum

Michelia figoBanana ShrubMetasequoia glyptrostroboidesDawn RedwoodPseudolarix kaempferiGolden Larch

Pseudolarix kaempferiGolden LarchPyrus calleryanaCallery PearQuercus albaWhite OakQuercus prinusChestnut OakQuercus rubraRed OakRhus typhinaStaghorn sumac

Robinia spp. Locust
Salix spp. Willow

Syringa reticulataJapanese Tree LilacTilia americanaAmerican LindenTilia cordataLittleleaf Linden

#### **Shrubs and Climbers**

Bambusa spp. Bamboo
Campsis radicans Trumpet Vine

Chaenomeles speciosa Japanese Flowering Quince

Comus racemosa Panicled Dogwood

Cotinus coggygria/not purple-leaved Smoke Bush

Cottoneaster spp.

Hamamelis spp.

Witch Hazel

Hydrangea arborescens

Hydrangea anomala petiolaris

Cottoneaster

Witch Hazel

Smooth Hydrangea

Climbing Hydrangea

Hydrangea paniculataPanicle HydrangeaIlex crenataJapanese Holly

Lonicera x heckrottii Goldflame Honeysuckle

Parthenocissus quinquefolia Virginia Creeper

Pyracantha coccinea

Rhododendron spp./deciduous tree forms

Rosa multiflora Rosa rugosa

Spirea x bulmada 'Anthony Waterer'

Spirea prunifolia Syringa x persica Wisteria floribunda

Viburnum opulus

Firethorn Rhododendron Multiflora Rose Rugosa Rose Bumald Spirea Bridalwreath Spirea

Persian Lilac Japanese Wisteria

European Cranberry Bush

# Frequently Damaged

## **Botanical Name**

## **Common Name**

#### **Trees**

Abies balsamea Acer palmatum/red-leaved varieties

Acer platanoides Cedrus atlantica Cercis canadensis Chionanthus virginicus x Cupressocyparis leylandii

Fraxinus excelsior *Ilex* 'Nellie Stevens' Kuelreutaria paniculata Magnolia soulangeana

Malus spp. Prunus spp. Pinus strobus Pyrus spp. Thuja occidentalis

Tsuga spp.

Balsam Fir Japanese Maple Norway Maple Atlas Cedar Redbud Fringe Tree Leyland Cypress European Ash Nellie Stevens Holly Goldenrain Tree Saucer Magnolia Apple and Crabapple Cherry and Plum

White Pine Pear Arborvitae Hemlock

### Shrubs and Climbers

Chaenomeles japonica Clematis spp.

Cornus mas

Euonymus alatus Euonymus fortunei Hydrangea macrophylla Hydrangea quercifolia

Ilex cornuta Ilex x merserveae Ilex verticillata Kalmia latifolia

Rhododendron austrinum

Rhododeneron nudiflorum (periclymenoides)

Rhododendron vaseyl Rhododendron hybrids

Rosa hybrids Rubus spp. Sorbus aucupatia Syringa patula

Taxus spp.

Vaccinium corymbosum

Clematis

Cornellian Cherry Dogwood Winged Euonymus

Wintercreeper Bigleaf Hydrangea Oakleaf Hydrangea Chinese Holly Merserve Holly Common Winterberry Mountain Laurel Florida Azalea

Pinksterbloom Azalea Pink Shell Azalea

Evergreen Azaleas & Rhododendron

Hybrid Roses

Blackberry & Raspberry European Mountain Ash Manchurian Lilac

Yew

Highbush Blueberry

## Annuals, Perennials, and Bulbs

Aegopodium podagaria

Athyrium niponicum var. pictum

Cherianthus spp. Hedera helix Helianthus spp. Hosta spp.

Hemerocallis spp. & hybrids

Iberis sempervirens
Lilium spp.
Matthiola incarna
Pelargonium spp.
Polygonatum biflorum
Ranunculus asiaticus
Trillium spp.

Vinca minor Viola spp. Bishop's Weed

Japanese Painted Fern

Wallflower English Ivy Sunflower Hosta Daylily Candytuft

Lily Stock Geranium Solomon's Seal Buttercup Trillium

Periwinkle Pansies & Violas

## References

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## **Resistance of Ornamentals to Deer Damage**

by

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